

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

[0017] A typical tower structure 40 may have, for example, a triangular configuration with a side dimension "L1". The antenna(s) 1 are located proximate either end of the support beam 20 at a distance "L2" from each other. In a standardized tower design, L1 may be 12 feet. Sizing the support beam so that "L2" is, for example, 18 feet, center to center of the antenna(s) 1, will space the lower portion 50 of each antenna 1 away from ~~the tower structure 30~~ the tower structure 40 and reduce azimuth pattern degradation that may otherwise occur with respect to metallic elements of the tower structure 40 and or the other antenna 1. The selection of the length "L2" is a trade off between the reduction in azimuth pattern degradation as "L2" is increased and the necessary structural and cost considerations which will also increase as "L2" is increased.

[0021] In an alternative embodiment, as shown in FIG. 4, an additional pair of antennas may be mounted on the tower structure 40 by adding an additional support beam 20 in a generally tangential perpendicular orientation with respect to the other support beam 20. A tangential perpendicular orientation providing a generally equal distance between each of the antenna(s) 1. The additional support beam 20 may be integrated with the other support beam 20 to form a cross shaped integral support beam 20 or individual support beam(s) 20 may be applied, one stacked upon the other, possibly at a later date.